

## UPDATED ANSI/ISEA 107-2020

HIGH-VISIBILITY SAFETY APPAREL

The American National Standards Institute (ANSI) has approved a new edition of the ANSI/ISEA 107-2020 standard. This standard provides guidelines for the selection and use of high-visibility safety apparel (HVSA) such as shirts, rainwear, outerwear and safety vests to help improve worker visibility during the day, in low-light conditions, and at night.

# Same Categorization



Type O
Off-Road Use (Class 1 only)
Provides added visibility to workers who are not

exposed to traffic.



Type R
Roadway Use (Class 2 & Class 3)
Enhanced visibility for workers who are on or near a public access roadway.



Type P
Public Safety (Class 2 & Class 3)
Enhanced visibility for emergency and incident responders and law enforcement personnel in both roadway and off-road environments.

# What has changed?

### NO MORE CRITERIA FOR HI-VIS ACCESSORIES

Unlike previous versions of the ANSI 107 standard, the updated standard does not include criteria for the category of optional hi-vis accessories. Workers are still encouraged to wear hi-vis accessories on the job due to their ability to increase worker's "biomotion." Biomotion, is the movement of a worker in hi-vis apparel that indicates to others their biological existence in the work area.

### NO MORE MAX WASH CYCLES ON CARE LABELS

Previously maximum wash cycles were included on the care label of a hi-vis garment to better establish the lifespan of the garments reflective tape. The updated ANSI 107 standard no longer requires the maximum wash cycle printed on a garments care label. This was done to avoid confusion regarding the depreciation and wear of the apparel in general that could necessitate earlier retirement of the garment.

#### NEW TESTING REQUIREMENTS FOR SEGMENTED REFLECTIVE TAPE

Due to the increased popularity of segmented and perforated retroflective, the updated ANSI 107 standard includes additional testing requirements for the retroflectivity of the background material used on these types of garments. This was updated to prevent manufacturers from overstating the brightness of the tape.

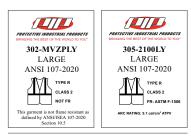
### SINGLE-USE DISPOSABLE GARMENTS NOW HELD TO STANDARD

Because there are many working environments where garments can become easily soiled, ANSI/ISEA 107-2020 now includes specific criteria for single-use disposable coveralls. These are designed to be worn over clothing and cover a minimum of the arms, legs, and torso. They must meet the minimum material amounts and requirements imposed on all compliant high-visibility safety apparel. Compliant disposable coveralls must include the following language on product tags:

- This garment meets the single-use disposable coverall requirements of ANSI/ISEA 107-2020, Section 11.
- SINGLE-USE ONLY.
- DO NOT REMOVE THIS LABEL

### **ANSI-107 TAG REQUIREMENTS**

Changes to product tags will be minimal. The year 2020 will take the place of 2015 to recognize the update of the standard. The same pictogram showing the garment Type and Class of performance for the retroreflective material will remain constant. A universal pictogram can be used or a pictogram that represents the garment being labeled. If garment is not flame resistant, the label must include the statement: "This garment is not flame resistant as defined by ANSI/ISEA 107-2020."



New (ANSI 107-2020)

### FAQ's

#### Are there other differences between the ANSI/ISEA 107-2015 and ANSI/ ISEA 107-2020 standards?

Yes. There are additional differences between the 2015 and 2020 editions of this standard. See the companion document, "Highlights of ANSI/ISEA 107-2020 What's Changing," talk with a PIP® Sales Representative, or obtain a copy of the new standard at www.safetyequipment. org for additional information.

# Does this edition of the standard replace the 2015 edition?

ANSI/ISEA 107-2020 replaces the ANSI/ISEA 107-2015 version as the current version of the standard.

Will the type and classification of a hi-vis garment change under the updated standard?

No

### I have only found larger-sized garments that meet the standard. I have smaller workers that need appropriately fitting garments to work safely. Is this being addressed?

Type R "roadway" Class 2 and Class 3 garments have an allowance for a reduced minimum area requirement, but only for the smallest size garment that is offered in a given design. This should allow for better accommodation of garment sizing for smaller workers. More information can be found in Table 1 of the standard.

### If a garment passes Type R requirements does it automatically pass Type O and P? Will it need to be labeled with all designations, i.e., Type O, R, and P?

A garment only needs to be marked for the claim the manufacturer is making. Sometimes manufacturers claim conformance to multiple standards or requirements and can include separate conforming labels as an indication.

# Are "biomotion" design concepts integrated into standard requirements?

Garments with sleeves or pant legs are required to include high-visibility materials in these key areas, because they have been shown in multiple scientific studies to be particularly effective in enhancing conspicuity.

### More questions?

Please contact your PIP representative, or call (800)262-5755.

